## LYFE FS

## VIEWPOINT

#### LYFE FS LTD

Please enjoy reading our newsletter. If you would like to discuss any of the articles further, please do not hesitate to contact us.

Conex House, 2nd floor,, 148 Field End Road, Eastcote, , Middlesex, HA5 1RJ info@lyfefs.com | www.lyfefs.com | 0203 781 9991

## How to protect your business

What is business protection insurance and how does it work? Find out why it could be right for your business.

If you own or run a small business, protecting it is always a priority, especially if something were to happen to a key member, which could affect the financial health of the company. In this situation, business protection insurance could provide some peace of mind.

#### What is business protection?

Business protection provides coverage in the event that a director, business partner or other key employee of your business suffers a critical illness or long-term disability, or passes away. It's a way of protecting the business and ensuring continuity. Business protection can help support forward planning in terms of succession and gives you ways to provide stability during what could be an uncertain time, especially if the company is small.

#### What are the types of business protection?

Business protection insurance usually offers cover in three ways:

#### Key person protection

This protection provides cover to replace key staff and cover income lost by their absence that could affect the business. It can cover any key employee from a head of department to the CEO.

#### **Business loan protection**

This protects the business by helping to repay business debts like a loan or bank overdraft if the owner or a key member (like a partner) dies or suffers a critical illness.

#### Shareholder protection

This cover is also known as 'ownership' or 'partnership' protection. It specifically covers the business owners if a shareholder dies, or suffers a critical illness, by ensuring that funds will be available to buy shares from the deceased shareholder's estate.

These three forms of business protection also come with the option to add critical illness cover if you think it necessary. You could also get coverage for more than one person within the business. It's always important to speak to an adviser who can help you figure out the the right type of business protection for your business and any extra coverage (like critical illness) your business and employees could benefit from.

#### What are cross-option agreements?\*

Cross-option agreements are usually required with shareholder protection insurance. The agreement is set up with the directors or partners of the business, and means that if one of these members dies, the remaining directors or partners have the option to *buy back* the shares from the deceased shareholder's estate. It also gives representatives of the deceased's estate the option to *sell* the shares to the remaining shareholders (which could be the preferred option for both sides).

\*Before setting an agreement up legal advice should be sought.

#### What are the benefits of business protection?

One of the benefits of business protection is the knowledge that should anything happen to a crucial member of the business – or someone with a financial commitment within the company – there would be some protection financially. It also gives other members of the business some peace of mind knowing this. Business protection can protect any loans or mortgages tied to your business, too, meaning lenders (knowing that you have *business loan protection* in place) are less likely to refuse a future loan, and will not approach the guarantor of a loan or their estate to recoup any existing loans.

In a small business that relies on a few key employees, the risk to the business from a financial point of view might increase if one of the team were unable to contribute because they die or are critically ill. In that situation, business protection is a wise plan to have in place.

An adviser can help you find out which type of business protection plan works for you and your company.

## 10 ways to reduce your tax bill

Being tax smart means knowing the basics about how tax affects your life and money. Here are 10 ways to reduce your tax bill, which could make your money go further for you and your loved ones.

#### 1. Personal savings allowance

You're entitled to receive some interest on your savings tax-free every year, depending on your income tax band. For non-taxpayers or basic rate taxpayers you're allowed up to £1,000 per year; for higher rate taxpayers you get £500. If you have savings with a spouse or partner, you can each use your allowances against your joint savings.

#### 2. Marriage allowance

If you are married, you might be able to take advantage of the marriage tax allowance. It allows one half of a couple who earns less than the income tax threshold (£12,570) to transfer up to £1,260 to their higher-earning spouse (who must be a basic rate taxpayer).

#### 3. ISA allowances

An ISA account allows you to save or invest up to £20,000 tax free annually, whether it's in a cash ISA or stocks and shares ISA – which also comes with the benefit of being exempt from dividend tax and capital gains tax on all growth.

#### 4. Dividend allowance

You are allowed to receive up to £2,000 a year in dividends, tax-free. This allowance can be particularly useful if you own shares or you're a company owner or director.

#### 5. Capital gains allowances

Profits (or 'gains') you make on the sale or disposal of an asset (like a property where it's not the main home, investments and shares not in an ISA or even personal possessions worth more than £6,000 (apart from your car) are exempt from tax up to the annual allowance of £12,300. For married couples or those in civil partnerships who own joint assets, the allowance is doubled – to £24,600.

#### 6. Pension allowance

Your pension allowance annually is £40,000, although it can be lower for higher earners and where pension savings have been flexibly accessed. Any contributions you (or your employer) make receive tax relief from the government (based on your income tax band) of 20% or more – and the money in your pension pot will grow tax free.

#### 7. Pension carry forward

If you don't use up your annual pension allowance, you can 'carry forward' the previous three years' worth of unused allowances providing you are still registered with the pension and have earned in the current tax year the amount you (or your employer) would like to contribute.

#### 8. Charitable donations

You can donate to charity tax free and claim back the tax on your donation through gift aid. If you are a higher or additional income taxpayer, you can also claim back the difference to the basic rate on your gift aid donations. Just remember to keep hold of all records of your donations to claim tax relief when the time comes to submit your tax return.

#### 9. Gift giving exemptions

Gifting comes with the benefit of being exempt from inheritance tax, for an annual gift amount of £3,000. Other tax-exempt gifts include money towards a wedding or grandchild's education. No inheritance tax is due if you live for seven years after making the gift to someone who is not your spouse (for example, gifting your children a property).

#### 10. Knowing your tax code

This one is important because your tax code tells HMRC how much of your salary they will collect. It's a good idea to check your tax code each time you change jobs or at the start of the tax year. Being on the wrong code could mean you've overpaid tax and are due a refund.

These are just some of the ways you can ensure you're making the most of your money and not paying more tax than is necessary. Speak to your adviser to learn more about your money, estate, and taxes. Please not that Openwork advisers are not able to provide specific tax advice.

HM Revenue and Customs practice and the law relating to taxation are complex and subject to individual circumstances and changes which cannot be foreseen.

For specific tax advice please speak to an accountant or tax specialist.

# Covering the cost of your retirement with confidence

#### As you approach retirement, it's important to be aware of the cost of living and how much income you'll need to feel financially secure.

With the cost of living going up, people approaching retirement are finding their pension pots are not lining up with how much they'll need in their later years.

An online pension calculator can help start you off by giving you an idea of how much you'll need to live comfortably. Your adviser is ideally placed to help you look at your own situation, finances and future income needs and work out a suitable plan to help you get to these goals.

#### Examine your assets with the help from an adviser

Everyone's situation is different, depending on how much you have in assets, savings, and investments. However, there are some key issues to bear in mind to help things along, including the issue of rising inflation, which increases the cost of living as years go by.

Volatility in financial markets also adds to the concerns for anyone approaching retirement when it comes to how their pensions are performing. With expert guidance from your financial adviser, you'll be able to make the most of your money for many years to come.

### How to boost your pension and make more of your money

Of course, the earlier you start putting money away, the more time you'll have on your side to grow your pension pot. But it can be hard when you're still juggling mortgage debt, family outgoings and the general cost of day-to-day living. Even if you've opted out of your workplace pension or are selfemployed and don't have one, it's never too late to start your own personal pension.

We can take you through how a personal pension can benefit you and give you more control and flexibility around how much you put in, where your money is invested and how you can access it in retirement. Keeping track of workplace pension plans (if you do have them) and thinking about consolidating them into one pot might be a good place to start planning towards the goal of making your retirement as financially worry-free as possible. It's a complex area, which your adviser can handle for you.

It's also worth remembering that if you defer or delay your State Pension, it will go up by 1% every nine weeks. That means if you're entitled to  $\pounds$ 179.60 a week and deferred your pension by a year, you would get an extra  $\pounds$ 10.42 a week.

#### Make the most of your pension allowance

Most people are able to pay up to £40,000 a year into your pension, tax free although some exemptions may apply. If you don't use this annual allowance, you can 'carry forward' the previous three years' worth of unused allowances providing you are still registered with the pension and have earned in the current tax year the amount you (or your employer) would like to contribute.

Our financial advisers can help you review your pensions and advise on how to make the most of your investments going forward into retirement.

The value of investments and any income from them can fall as well as rise and you may not get back the original amount invested.

HM Revenue and Customs practice and the law relating to taxation are complex and subject to individual circumstances and changes which cannot be foreseen.